

Safety Data Sheet

LOCTITE AA 330 known as Loctite 330

Page 1 of 10

SDS No.: 416828

V001.0

Date of issue: 23.06.2020

respiratory tract irritation

Section 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

LOCTITE AA 330 known as Loctite 330 **Product name:**

Intended use: Acrylic Adhesive

Supplier:

Henkel Australia Pty Ltd 135-141 Canterbury Road Kilsyth, Victoria, 3137

Australia

Phone: +61 (3) 9724 6444

Emergency information: 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER: 1800 032 379

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia.

GHS Classification:

| <u>Hazard Class</u> | <u>Hazard Category</u> | <u>Target organ</u> |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Flammable liquids | Category 4 | |
| Skin corrosion | Category 1A | |
| ~ | | |

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Skin sensitizer Category 1 Toxic to reproduction Category 1B Target Organ Systemic Toxicant -Category 3

Single exposure

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment

Chronic hazards to the aquatic

environment

Category 3

Category 3

Hazard pictogram:



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): H227 Combustible liquid.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response: P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P304+P340+P310 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P305+P351+P338+P315 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for

extinction.

Storage: P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in

accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Dangerous Goods information:

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code).

Section 3. Composition / information on ingredients

General chemical description: Mixture

Identity of ingredients:

| Chemical ingredients | CAS-No. | Proportion |
|--|------------|------------|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate | 2455-24-5 | 30- < 60 % |
| methacrylic acid | 79-41-4 | 5- < 10 % |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate | 688-84-6 | < 10 % |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) | 25068-38-6 | < 1 % |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol | 97-99-4 | < 0.3 % |
| 1,1,2-trichloroethane | 79-00-5 | < 1 % |
| non hazardous ingredients~ | | < 50 % |

Section 4. First aid measures

SDS No.: 416828

LOCTITE AA 330 known as Loctite 330 V001.0

Page 3 of 10

Ingestion: Seek medical advice.

Rinse out mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting.

Skin: Seek medical advice.

Rinse with running water and soap.

Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eyes: Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes). Seek medical attention if

necessary.

Inhalation: Should not be a problem as product is of low volatility. However, if feeling unwell

remove patient to fresh air.

First Aid facilities: Eye wash and safety shower

Normal washroom facilities

Medical attention and special

treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

Section 5. Fire fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

Improper extinguishing media: None known

Combustion behaviour: Combustible Liquid

Decomposition products in case of Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors.

Particular danger in case of fire: In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions: Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear protective equipment. Remove sources of ignition. See advice in section 8

Environmental precautions: Do not let product enter drains.

Clean-up methods: For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal.

For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for

disposal.

Wash spillage site thoroughly with soap and water or detergent solution. Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Avoid skin and eye contact.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact should be avoided to minimise any risk of sensitisation.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in original containers at 8-21°C (46.4-69.8°F) and do not return residual materials to

containers as contamination may reduce the shelf life of the bulk product.

SDS No.: 416828

LOCTITE AA 330 known as Loctite 330

Page 4 of 10 V001.0

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

National exposure standards:

| Ingredient [Regulated substance] | form of exposure | TWA (ppm) | TWA (mg/m3) | Peak Limit. (ppm) | Peak Limit. (mg/m3) | STEL (ppm) | STEL (mg/m3) |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|
| METHACRYLIC ACID 79-41-4 | | 20 | 70 | | | | |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 79-00-5 | | 10 | 55 | | | | |

Engineering controls: Provide adequate local exhaust ventilation to maintain worker exposure below exposure

limits.

Eye protection: Wear chemical goggles and face shield.

Skin protection: Protective clothing that covers arms and legs.

The use of chemical resistant gloves such as Nitrile is recommended.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed

then the gloves should be replaced.

Respiratory protection: Ensure adequate ventilation.

Do not inhale vapors and fumes.

If inhalation risk exists, wear a respirator or air supplied mask complying with the

requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Amber Liquid

Odor: Sharp, Irritating

pH: 10 Specific gravity: 1.16

Boiling point: > 148.9 °C (> 300 °F) > 100 °C (> 212 °F) Flash point:

Vapor pressure: < 4 mbar

Solubility in water: Slightly soluble **VOC** content: 1.59 % 18.4 g/l

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid excessive heat and ignition sources.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Strong reducing agents.

Strong acids. Alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

At higher temperature carbon oxides and nitrogen oxides may be generated.

Irritating organic vapours.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Health Effects:

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin: Contact with skin can cause irritation and allergic reaction (sensitization) in some individuals.

Eyes: Contact can cause moderate to severe irritation and possible injury to the eyes.

Vapors may also produce eye irritation.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to nose and throat.

Chronic effects: Repeated excessive dermal exposure may cause marked skin irritation and may increase the

possibility of allergic reactions.

Acute toxicity:

| Hazardous components | Value | Value | Route of | Exposure | Species | Method |
|---------------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------|----------|---------|-------------------------------|
| CAS-No. | type | | application | time | | |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl | LD50 | 3,945 mg/kg | oral | | rat | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute |
| methacrylate | | | | | | Oral Toxicity) |
| 2455-24-5 | | | | | | - |
| methacrylic acid | LD50 | 1,320 mg/kg | oral | | rat | equivalent or similar to OECD |
| 79-41-4 | LC50 | > 3.6 mg/l | inhalation | 4 h | rat | Guideline 401 (Acute Oral |
| | LD50 | 500 - 1,000 | dermal | | rabbit | Toxicity) |
| | | mg/kg | | | | OECD Guideline 403 (Acute |
| | | | | | | Inhalation Toxicity) |
| | | | | | | Dermal Toxicity Screening |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate | LD0 | > 2,000 mg/kg | oral | | rat | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute |
| 688-84-6 | LD50 | > 2,000 mg/kg | oral | | rat | Oral Toxicity) |
| | LD50 | > 20,000 mg/kg | | | rat | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute |
| | | | dermal | | | Oral Toxicity) |
| | | | | | | not specified |
| reaction product: | LD50 | > 2,000 mg/kg | oral | | rat | OECD Guideline 420 (Acute |
| bisphenol-A- | LD50 | > 2,000 mg/kg | | | rat | Oral Toxicity) |
| (epichlorhydrin) | | | dermal | | | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute |
| 25068-38-6 | | | | | | Dermal Toxicity) |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl | LD50 | > 2,000 mg/kg | oral | | rat | OECD Guideline 423 (Acute |
| alcohol | | | | | | Oral toxicity) |
| 97-99-4 | | | | | | - |

Skin corrosion/irritation:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|---|-----------------------|---------------|---------|---|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate 2455-24-5 | not irritating | 24 h | rabbit | Draize Test |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | corrosive | 3 min | rabbit | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | moderately irritating | 24 h | rabbit | Draize Test |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | not irritating | 4 h | rabbit | EPA OPP 81-5 (Acute Dermal Irritation) |

Serious eye damage/irritation:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------|--|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate 2455-24-5 | not irritating | | rabbit | Draize Test |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | corrosive | | rabbit | Draize Test |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | not irritating | | rabbit | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | irritating | | rabbit | EPA OPP 81-4 (Acute Eye Irritation) |

${\bf Respiratory\ or\ skin\ sensitization:}$

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result | Test type | Species | Method |
|---|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate 2455-24-5 | sensitising | Patch-Test | human | not specified |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate 2455-24-5 | sensitising | Direct peptide reactivity assay (DPRA) | cysteine and lysine, in chemico test | not specified |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | not sensitising | Buehler test | guinea pig | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation) |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | sensitising | Guinea pig maximisat ion test | guinea pig | Magnusson and Kligman Method |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | sensitising | Mouse local lymphnod e assay (LLNA) | mouse | OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay) |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | not sensitising | Mouse local lymphnod e assay (LLNA) | mouse | OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay) |

Germ cell mutagenicity:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result | Type of study / Route of administration | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | Species | Method |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--|----------------|--|
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | with and without | | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | negative negative | inhalation oral: gavage | | mouse mouse | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test) |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | with and without | | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | with and without | | OECD Guideline 472 (Genetic Toxicology: Escherichia coli, Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | negative | oral: gavage | | mouse | not specified |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | negative negative negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test mammalian cell gene mutation assay | with and without with and without with and without | | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) |

Repeated dose toxicity:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result | Route of application | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | Species | Method |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|---------|--|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate 2455-24-5 | NOAEL=300 mg/kg | oral: gavage | 29 dyes, concurrent vehicle | rat | OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | | inhalation | 90 d6 h/d, 5 d/w | rat | OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day) |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | NOAEL=50 mg/kg | oral: gavage | 14 wdaily | rat | OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | NOAEL=500 ppm | oral: feed | 91-93 ddaily | rat | not specified |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | NOAEL=1000 ppm | oral: feed | 91-93 ddaily | rat | not specified |

Section 12. Ecological information

General ecological information: Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Ecotoxicity: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity:

| Hazardous components | Value | Value | Acute | Exposure | Species | Method |
|--|-------|------------|-------------------|----------|---|---|
| CAS-No. | type | | Toxicity Study | time | | |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate | LC50 | 34.7 mg/l | Fish | 96 h | Pimephales promelas | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute |
| 2455-24-5 Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate | EC50 | > 100 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | Desmodesmus subspicatus | Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth |
| 2455-24-5 Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate | NOEC | > 100 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | Desmodesmus subspicatus | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth |
| 2455-24-5 methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | LC50 | 85 mg/l | Fish | 96 h | Salmo gairdneri (new name: Oncorhynchus mykiss) | Inhibition Test) EPA OTS 797.1400 (Fish Acute Toxicity |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | EC50 | > 130 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 h | Daphnia magna | Test) EPA OTS 797.1300 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test, |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | NOEC | 8.2 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella | |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | EC50 | 45 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | subcapitata) Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | EC10 | 100 mg/l | Bacteria | 17 h | suo supranu) | not specified |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | LC50 | 2.78 mg/l | Fish | 96 h | Oryzias latipes | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | EC50 | 4.56 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 h | Daphnia magna | Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | EC50 | 7.68 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | NOEC | 0.28 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) | LC50 | 1.75 mg/l | Fish | 96 h | Oncorhynchus mykiss | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute |
| 25068-38-6 reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | EC50 | 1.7 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 h | Daphnia magna | Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) | EC50 | > 11 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | Scenedesmus capricornutum | Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth |
| 25068-38-6 reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) | NOEC | 4.2 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | Scenedesmus capricornutum | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth |
| 25068-38-6 reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) | IC50 | > 100 mg/l | Bacteria | 3 h | activated sludge, industrial | Inhibition Test) other guideline: |
| 25068-38-6 Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | LC50 | > 101 mg/l | Fish | 96 h | Oryzias latipes | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute |
| 1,1,2-trichloroethane 79-00-5 | LC50 | 136 mg/l | Fish | 96 h | Pimephales promelas | Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute |
| 1,1,2-trichloroethane 79-00-5 | EC50 | 160 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 h | Daphnia magna | Toxicity Test) other guideline: |
| 1,1,2-trichloroethane | EC50 | 213 mg/l | Algae | 72 h | Scenedesmus subspicatus (new | OECD Guideline |

| 79-00-5 | | name: Desmodesmus | 201 (Alga, Growth |
|---------|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | subspicatus) | Inhibition Test) |

Persistence and degradability:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result | Route of application | Degradability | Method |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate 2455-24-5 | not readily biodegradable. | aerobic | 75 % | OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test) |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | inherently biodegradable | aerobic | 100 % | OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn- Wellens/EMPA Test) |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | readily biodegradable | aerobic | 86 % | OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test) |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | readily biodegradable | aerobic | 88 % | OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I)) |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | not readily biodegradable. | aerobic | 5 % | OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test) |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | readily biodegradable | aerobic | 92 % | OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I)) |
| 1,1,2-trichloroethane 79-00-5 | not readily biodegradable. | aerobic | 5 % | OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I)) |

Bioaccumulative potential / Mobility in soil:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | LogPow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) | Exposure time | Species | Temperature | Method |
|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------|---|
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate 2455-24-5 | 1.76 | | | | | EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient) |
| methacrylic acid 79-41-4 | 0.93 | | | | 22 °C | OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (noctanol / water), Shake Flask Method) |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | | 37 | 56 h | Danio rerio | 24 °C | OECD Guideline 305 (Bioconcentration: Flow- through Fish Test) |
| 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 688-84-6 | 4.95 | | | | 20 °C | OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (noctanol / water), Shake Flask Method) |
| reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin) 25068-38-6 | 3.242 | | | | 25 °C | EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient) |
| Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol 97-99-4 | -0.14 | | | | 24.7 °C | OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (noctanol / water), Shake Flask Method) |
| 1,1,2-trichloroethane 79-00-5 | | 2 | 14 d | Lepomis macrochirus | | other guideline: |
| 1,1,2-trichloroethane 79-00-5 | > 2.05 - < 2.49 | | | | 20 °C | QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship) |

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of product: Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Disposal for uncleaned package: After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Section 14. Transport information

Road and Rail Transport:

Dangerous Goods information: Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and

Rail (ADG Code).

Marine transport IMDG:

Not dangerous goods

Air transport IATA: Not dangerous goods

Section 15. Regulatory information

SUSMP Poisons Schedule None

AICS: All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Australian Inventory of

Chemical Substances (AICS).

Section 16. Other information

Abbreviations/acronyms: ADGC - Australian Dangerous Goods Code

GHS: Globally Harmonized System CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

LD 50: Lethal Dose 50%

OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

LC 50: Lethal Concentration 50% STEL - Short term exposure limit TWA - Time weighted average

Reason for issue: First issue. involved chapters: 1-16

Disclaimer:

The percentage weight (% w/w) of ingredients is not to be taken as a specification guaranteed by Henkel Australia Pty. Limited, but only as an approximate guide to the content of hazardous ingredients in the material. The information contained herein does not constitute a guarantee by Henkel Australia Pty. Limited concerning the properties of the material.

The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is offered in good faith and has been developed from what is believed to be accurate and reliable sources. The information is offered without warranty, representation, inducement or licence and Henkel Australia Pty. Limited assumes no legal responsibility for reliance upon same. Henkel Australia Pty. Limited disclaims any liability for loss, injury or damage incurred in connection with the use of the material or its associated Safety Data Sheet.

This information is not to be construed as a representation that the material is suitable for any particular purpose or use except those conditions and warranties implied by either Commonwealth or State statutes. Customers are encouraged to make their own enquiries as to the material's characteristics and, where appropriate, to conduct their own tests in the specific context of the material's intended use.

No warranty or representation of any kind is given with respect to the substantive or export laws of any other jurisdiction or country. Please confirm that the information provided herein conforms to the substantive export or other law of any other jurisdiction prior to export. Please contact Henkel Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs for additional assistance.