# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

**Product ID:** 496315

Product Name: Extreme Super Adhesive

Revision Date:May 30, 2023Date Printed:Mar 04, 2020Version:2.0Supersedes Date:Nov 30, 2018

Manufacturer's Name: Zenex International

Address: 1 Zenex Circle Cleveland, OH, US, 44146

Emergency Phone: 1-800-535-5053 Information Phone Number: (440)-232-4155

Fax:

**Product/Recommended Uses: Adhesive** 

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## Classification

Aerosols - Category 1

Gases Under Pressure - Compressed Gas

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3

## **Pictograms**









## **Signal Word**

Danger

## **Hazardous Statements - Physical**

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

## **Hazardous Statements - Health**

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

## **Precautionary Statements - General**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

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P103 - Read label before use.

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
- P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.
- P261 Avoid breathing mist, vapors or spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

- P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
- P405 Store locked up.
- P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

# SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0000079-20-9	METHYL ACETATE	16% - 26%
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	9% - 21%
0000109-66-0	PENTANE	9% - 21%
0000074-98-6	PROPANE	8% - 18%
0025038-32-8	Isoprene-Styrene polymer	4% - 8%
0000110-82-7	CYCLOHEXANE	3% - 6%
0000287-92-3	CYCLOPENTANE	0.1% - 1%
0003710-84-7	DIETHYL HYDROXYLAMINE	0.0% - 0.4%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

## **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### **Inhalation**

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

#### **Eye Contact**

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Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

## Ingestion

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

#### Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

No data available.

#### **Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

No data available.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into burning material; this may cause spattering and spread the fire.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

No data available.

## **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Product is highly flammable and forms explosive mixtures with air, oxygen, and all oxidizing agents. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back.

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated during combustion or decomposition. High temperatures can cause sealed containers to rupture due to a build up of internal pressures. Cool with water.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material; therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

Container could potentially burst or be punctured upon mechanical impact, releasing flammable vapors.

## **Fire-Fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

## **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

## **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## **Emergency Procedure**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Wear liquid tight chemical protective clothing in combination with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

# **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

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#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

## **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **General**

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

#### **Storage Room Requirements**

Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not pressurize containers to empty them.

Store at temperatures below 120°F.

# **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Eye Protection**

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

#### **Skin Protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

## **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

## **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)
ACETONE	2400	1000				1		250
CYCLOHEXAN E	1050	300				1		100
CYCLOPENTA NE								600
DIETHYL HYDROXYLAM INE								2
METHYL ACETATE	610	200				1		200
PENTANE	2950	1000				1		1000
PROPANE	1800	1000				1		

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Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
ACETONE			500	A4	URT & eye irr; CNS impair	A4; BEI	590	250
CYCLOHEXAN E					CNS impair		1050	300
CYCLOPENTA NE					URT, eye & skin irr; CNS impair		1720	600
DIETHYL HYDROXYLAM INE					URT irr			
METHYL ACETATE	250		250		Headache; dizziness; nausea; eye dam (degeneration of ganglion cells in the retina)		610	200
PENTANE					Narcosis; resp tract irr		350	120
PROPANE			Simple asphyxiant (D), explosion hazard (EX)		Asphyxia		1800	1000

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
ACETONE			
CYCLOHEXAN E			
CYCLOPENTA NE			
DIETHYL HYDROXYLAM INE			
METHYL ACETATE	760		
PENTANE			
PROPANE			

<sup>(</sup>C) - Ceiling limit, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, dam - Damage, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, resp - respiratory, URT - Upper respiratory tract

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density	6.25 lb/gal	
Density VOC	2.39 lb/gal	
% VOC	38.35%	
Appearance	N.A.	
Odor Threshold	N.A.	
Odor Description	Pungent solvent	
рН	N.A.	
Water Solubility	N.A.	
Flammability	N.A.	
Vapor Pressure	N.A.	

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Flash Point N.A. Viscosity N.A. Lower Explosion Level N.A. Upper Explosion Level N.A. Vapor Density Melting N.A. Point Freezing Point N.A. Low Boiling Point High N.A. **Boiling Point** N.A. Decomposition Pt Auto N.A. Ignition Temp N.A.

Evaporation Rate Slower than ether

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### **Stability**

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

#### **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

Dropping containers may cause bursting.

## **Incompatible Materials**

Avoid strong oxidizers, reducers, acids, and alkalis.

## **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Will not occur.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

No data available.

## **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

## **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Causes serious eye irritation.

## Carcinogenicity

No data available.

## **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No data available.

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

No data available.

## **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

Can irritate the nose and throat causing coughing and wheezing.

Can irritate and burn the eyes.

## **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May affect the kidneys and liver.

Exposure can cause headache, dizziness and lightheadedness.

## **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

No data available.

## **Aspiration Hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

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## **Acute Toxicity**

0000079-20-9 METHYL ACETATE

LC50 (rat): 16000-32000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (9)

LD50 (oral, rat): greater than 5000 mg/kg (4)

LD50 (oral, rabbit): 3700 mg/kg (cited as 50 millimols/kg) (10)

LD50 (skin, rabbit): greater than 5000 mg/kg (4)

0000110-82-7 CYCLOHEXANE

LD50 (oral, rat): 8-39 mL/kg (6200 to 30400 mg/kg) (3)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 1300 mg/kg (3)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 18000 mg/kg (4)

0000109-66-0 PENTANE

LC50 (rat): 117000 ppm (364000 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure) (12, unconfirmed)

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

LC50 (male rat): 30000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 71000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29) LC50 (male mouse): 18600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)

LD50 (oral, female rat): 5800 mg/kg (24)

LD50 (oral, mature rat): 6700 mg/kg (cited as 8.5 mL/kg) (31) LD50 (oral, newborn rat): 1750 mg/kg (cited as 2.2 mL/kg) (31)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 3000 mg/kg (32,unconfirmed)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 16000 mg/kg cited as 20 mL/kg) (30)

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Toxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Persistence and Degradability**

No data available.

## **Bio-Accumulative Potential**

No data available.

#### **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

## **SECTION 14) Transport Information**

	IATA Information	IMDG Information	U.S. DOT Information
UN number:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper shipping name:	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols	Aerosols
Hazard class:	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packaging group:	NA	NA	NA
Note / Special Provision:	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)

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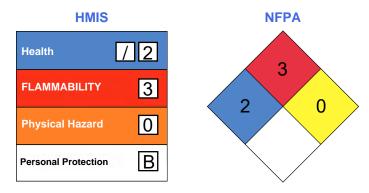
# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000079-20-9	METHYL ACETATE	16% - 26%	SARA312, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	9% - 21%	CERCLA, SARA312, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, OSHA
0000109-66-0	PENTANE	9% - 21%	SARA312, VOC,TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
0000074-98-6	PROPANE	8% - 18%	SARA312, VOC,TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
0025038-32-8	Isoprene-Styrene polymer	4% - 8%	SARA312, TSCA
0000110-82-7	CYCLOHEXANE	3% - 6%	SARA313, CERCLA, SARA312, VOC, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, OSHA
0000287-92-3	CYCLOPENTANE	0.1% - 1.0%	SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH
0003710-84-7	DIETHYL HYDROXYLAMINE	0.0% - 0.4%	SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH

## **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.



#### (\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

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