

SAFETY DATA SHEET

No. 105

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200.

1. Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	No. 105
Product number	L0034-094R, L0034-004, L0034-005, L0034-035, L0034-039, L0034-040, L0034-041, L0034- 079, L0034-086, L0034-092, L0034-094, L0034-097, L0034-100, L0034-001, L0034-006, L0034-078, L0034-086T, L0034-094W
Recommended use of the ch	emical and restrictions on use
Application	Lubricating grease.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.
Details of the supplier of the	safety data sheet
Manufacturer	Lubriplate Lubricants Co. Corporate Headquarters 129 Lockwood Street Newark, NJ 07105
	Midwest Office & Plant 1500 Oakdale Ave. Toledo, OH 43605 419-691-2491 419-693-3806
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency telephone	Chem-Tel: 1-800-255-3924 (US & Canada only) 01-813-248-0585 (Outside US & Canada)
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substance	e or mixture
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Not Classified
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 3 - H402 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412
Label elements	
Hazard statements	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	P273 Avoid release to the environment. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Other hazards	
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This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Distillates (petroleum), hydro	treated heavy naphthenic	60-100%
CAS number: 64742-52-5		
Classification		
Not Classified		
zinc oxide		1-5%
CAS number: 1314-13-2		
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		
The full text for all hazard stat	ements is displayed in Section 16.	
Composition comments	* The exact percentage withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910	.1200.
4. First-aid measures		

Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin Contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.
Most important symptoms and	l effects, both acute and delayed
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Temporary irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	May be slightly irritating to eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from t	he substance or mixture
Specific hazards	None known.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	tainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.
Specific end uses(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic

Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids (pure, highly and severely refined) ACGIH

zinc oxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m³ fume Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m³ total dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 2 mg/m³ respirable fraction Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 10 mg/m³ respirable fraction Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

zinc oxide (CAS: 1314-13-2)

Immediate danger to life 500 mg/m³ and health

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical a	and chemical properties
Appearance	Solid.
Color	White/off-white.
Odor	Mild.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	>288°C (>550.4°F)

Flash point	> 185°C/359.6°F Cleveland open cup.
Evaporation rate	< 0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	<0.0013 kPa @ 25°C
Vapor density	> 5
Relative density	0.89 - 0.93
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	Not available.
Other information	None.
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.
11. Toxicological information	
Information on toxicological ef	fects
Acute toxicity - oral	Dependion evolution date the elegerification criteric are not rest.
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Notes (dermal LD ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitization	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
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Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Summary	Not relevant. Solid.
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant. Solid.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and t length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Temporary irritation.
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Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.
Skin Contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	May be slightly irritating to eyes.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target Organs	No specific target organs known.
12. Ecological information	
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Summary	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Bio-Accumulative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Mobility in soil	
Mobility	No data available.
Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
Other adverse effects 13. Disposal considerations	None known.
	None known.
13. Disposal considerations	None known. The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
13. Disposal considerations Waste treatment methods	The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners
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13. Disposal considerations Waste treatment methods General information Disposal methods 14. Transport information	The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
13. Disposal considerations Waste treatment methods General information Disposal methods 14. Transport information General	The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

UN proper shipping name Proper shipping name (International)	Not applicable.
Proper shipping name (DOT)	Not applicable.
Transport hazard class(es)	
Transport Labels (International)	No transport warning sign required.
DOT transport labels No transport warning sign requ	uired.
Packing group	
Packing group (International)	Not applicable.
DOT packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Environmentally Hazardous S No.	ubstance
Special precautions for user	
Not applicable.	
DOT reportable quantity	Not applicable.
DOT TIH Zone	Not applicable.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
15. Regulatory information	
Regulatory References	OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200
US Federal Regulations	
SARA Section 302 Extremely None of the ingredients are list	Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities sted or exempt.
CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardo None of the ingredients are list	bus Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA) sted or exempt.
SARA Extremely Hazardous Source of the ingredients are list	Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities sted or exempt.
SARA 313 Emission Reportin The following ingredients are	-
=	-
The following ingredients are zinc oxide	listed or exempt:

FDA - Precursor Chemical None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I) The following ingredients are listed or exempt: *zinc oxide*

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II) None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

zinc oxide

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt: *zinc oxide*

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

zinc oxide

Minnesota "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt: *zinc oxide*

New Jersey "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt: *zinc oxide*

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed or exempt: *zinc oxide*

Inventories US - TSCA All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act
	 IATA: International air transport association. ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air. IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods. CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. LC₅₀: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal effective concentration. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Rereleased through new GHS Software.
Revision date	4/12/2023
Revision	5
Supersedes date	3/29/2022
SDS No.	4852
Hazard statements in full	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H402 Harmful to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

End of SDS

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.